

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
**FORM 10-Q/A**  
(Amendment No. 1)

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2021**

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from            to

Commission File Number: **001-39741**

**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**85-2157010**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**1 Tower Lane, Suite 800, Oakbrook Terrace, IL**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**60181**

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **630-756-8000**

**SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.**

**360 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor**

**New York, NY 10017**

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	RDBX	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Warrants to purchase Class A common stock	RDBXW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer   
Smaller reporting company   
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

As of August 13, 2021, 14,375,000 shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 3,593,750 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, were issued and outstanding.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

Redbox Entertainment Inc., formerly known as Seaport Global Acquisition Corp. (the “Company”) is filing this Amendment No. 1 to its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2021 (the “First Amendment”), as originally filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on August 16, 2021 (the “Original Form 10-Q”) to amend and restate the Company’s June 30, 2021 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as further described below.

As previously disclosed, we restated our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, which restatement was effective with the filing of our Amended Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed on November 22, 2021.

This amended and restated report on Form 10-Q/A is presented as of the filing date of the Original Form 10-Q and does not reflect events occurring after that date, or modify or update disclosures in any way other than as required to reflect the Q2 2021 restatement as described below. Accordingly, this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with our filings with the SEC subsequent to the date on which we filed the Original Form 10-Q.

The Company is filing this First Amendment on Form 10-Q/A to reflect a restatement of the Company’s condensed financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 to correct errors in the Company’s classification of public shares as permanent equity as further described below.

On October 22, 2021, subsequent to the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2021, Seaport Global Acquisition Corp., our predecessor and a Delaware corporation (“SGAC”), consummated the previously announced business combination pursuant to the business combination agreement entered into as of May 16, 2021 (as amended, the “Business Combination Agreement”), by and among SGAC, Seaport Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and wholly-owned subsidiary of SGAC (“Merger Sub”), Redwood Holdco, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (“Parent”), and Redwood Intermediate, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Redbox”). Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, SGAC acquired certain equity interests of Redbox from Parent, its sole member, by way of Merger Sub merging with and into Redbox, and Redbox becoming a direct subsidiary of SGAC as a result thereof (the “Business Combination”).

On October 20, 2021, SGAC held a special meeting of stockholders (the “Special Meeting”), at which the SGAC stockholders considered and adopted, among other matters, a proposal to approve the Business Combination, including (a) adopting the Business Combination Agreement and (b) approving the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and related agreements described in the Proxy Statement.

Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement, on October 22, 2021 (the “Closing Date”), the Business Combination was consummated (the “Closing”).

On the business day following the Closing Date, the Company’s Class A common stock and warrants began trading on Nasdaq under the symbols “RDBX” and “RDBXW”. SGAC’s public units automatically separated into their component securities upon consummation of the Business Combination and, as a result, no longer trade as a separate security and were delisted from Nasdaq.

Unless stated otherwise, this report contains information about SGAC before the consummation of the Business Combination. References to the “Company” in this report refer to SGAC before the consummation of the Business Combination or Redbox after the Business Combination, as the context suggests.

### *Background of Restatement*

In the Company’s previously issued financial statements, a portion of the public shares were classified as permanent equity to maintain stockholders’ equity greater than \$5,000,000 on the basis that the Company will consummate its initial business combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001. Thus, the Company can only complete a merger and continue to exist as a public company if there are sufficient public shares that do not redeem at the merger and so it is appropriate to classify the portion of its public shares required to keep its stockholders’ equity above the \$5,000,000 threshold as “shares not subject to redemption.”

However, in light of recent comment letters issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission (“SEC”) to several special purpose acquisition companies, management re-evaluated the Company’s application of ASC 480-10-99 to its accounting classification of public shares. Upon re-evaluation, management determined that the public shares include certain provisions that require classification of the public shares as temporary equity regardless of the minimum net tangible asset required by the Company to complete its initial business combination.

---

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company's management and the audit committee of the Company's Board of Directors concluded that it is appropriate to restate all of the Company's previously issued audited financial statements to report all public shares as temporary equity.

This First Amendment on Form 10-Q/A sets forth the Original Form 10-Q in its entirety, as amended to reflect the restatement. Among other things, forward-looking statements made in the Original Form 10-Q have not been revised to reflect events that occurred or facts that became known to the Company after the filing of the Original Form 10-Q, and such forward-looking statements should be read in their historical context.

The following items have been amended as a result of the restatement:

Part I, Item 1, "Financial Statements",

Part I, Item 4, "Controls and Procedures", and

Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors."

In accordance with applicable SEC rules, this First Amendment on Form 10-Q/A includes an updated signature page and certifications of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer in Exhibits 31.1, 31.2 and 32.1 as required by Rule 12b-15.

Refer to Note 1, *Basis of Presentation*, of Notes to Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q/A for additional information and for the summary of the accounting impacts of these adjustments to the Company's condensed financial statements.

As a result of the restatement, the Company has concluded there was a material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2021 and that its disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2021. See additional discussion included in Part II Item 1A of this amended quarterly report.

---

REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)  
Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A

Table of Contents

	Page No.
<b><u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>	
<b><u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u></b>	3
<u>Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2021 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2020 (Audited)</u>	3
<u>Unaudited Condensed Statement of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2021</u>	4
<u>Unaudited Condensed Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2021</u>	5
<u>Unaudited Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021</u>	6
<u>Notes to Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements</u>	7
<b><u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u></b>	20
<b><u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u></b>	23
<b><u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u></b>	23
<b><u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>	
<b><u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u></b>	23
<b><u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u></b>	23
<b><u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities</u></b>	24
<b><u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u></b>	24
<b><u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u></b>	24
<b><u>Item 5. Other Information</u></b>	24
<b><u>Item 6. Exhibits</u></b>	25
<b><u>SIGNATURES</u></b>	26

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)  
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS  
(UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2021 (As Restated)	December 31, 2020
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 277,344	\$ 948,584
Prepaid Expenses	214,020	308,515
<b>Total current assets</b>	<u>491,364</u>	<u>1,257,099</u>
Other assets	32,511	—
Investments held in Trust Account	145,216,200	145,194,202
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>\$ 145,740,075</u>	<u>\$ 146,451,301</u>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 311,342	\$ 118,844
Due to related party	—	10,000
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<u>311,342</u>	<u>128,844</u>
Deferred underwriting fee payable	5,031,250	5,031,250
Warrant liability	15,122,142	17,322,751
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>20,464,734</u>	<u>20,482,845</u>
<b>Commitments and Contingencies</b>		
Class A common stock subject to possible redemption, 14,375,000 shares at redemption value at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	145,216,200	145,194,202
<b>Stockholders' Equity (Deficit):</b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	—	—
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding (excluding 14,375,000 shares subject to possible redemption) as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	—	—
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 3,593,750 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	359	359
Additional paid-in capital	—	—
Accumulated deficit	(19,941,218)	(21,226,105)
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>	<u>(19,940,859)</u>	<u>(21,225,746)</u>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>	<u>\$ 145,740,075</u>	<u>\$ 146,451,301</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 (As Restated)</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 (As Restated)</b>
Operating and formation costs	\$ 762,614	\$ 915,721
<b>Loss from Operations</b>	<u>(762,614)</u>	<u>(915,721)</u>
Other income (expense):		
Interest earned on investments held in Trust Account	4,740	21,998
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(3,063,950)	2,200,609
<b>Total other income (expense)</b>	<u>(3,059,210)</u>	<u>2,222,607</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (3,821,824)</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,886</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding, Class A redeemable common stock	<u>14,375,000</u>	<u>14,375,000</u>
Basic and diluted income per share, Class A redeemable common stock	<u>\$ (0.21)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding, Class B non-redeemable common stock	<u>3,593,750</u>	<u>3,593,750</u>
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share, Class B non-redeemable common stock	<u>\$ (0.21)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)**  
**FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	Class A		Class B		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Common	Amount	Common	Amount			
	Stock		Stock		Capital	(Deficit)	Equity (Deficit)
<b>Balance as of January 1, 2021</b>	—	\$ —	3,593,750	\$ 359	\$ —	\$ (21,226,105)	\$ (21,225,746)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	5,128,710	5,128,710
Change in value of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	—	—	—	—	—	(17,259)	(17,259)
<b>Balance as of March 31, 2021</b>	—	\$ —	3,593,750	\$ 359	\$ —	\$ (16,114,654)	\$ (16,114,295)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(3,821,824)	(3,821,824)
Change in value of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	—	—	—	—	—	(4,740)	(4,740)
<b>Balance as of June 30, 2021 (As Restated)</b>	—	\$ —	3,593,750	\$ 359	\$ —	\$ (19,941,218)	\$ (19,940,859)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>	
Net income	\$ 1,306,886
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	(21,998)
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(2,200,609)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid assets	94,495
Other assets	(32,511)
Accrued expenses	192,497
Due to related party	(10,000)
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(671,240)</b>
<b>Net change in cash</b>	<b>(671,240)</b>
Cash, beginning of period	948,584
<b>Cash, end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 277,344</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:</b>	
Change in value of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ (21,999)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC. (F/K/A SEAPORT GLOBAL ACQUISITION CORP.)**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Note 1 — Organization and Business Operations**

Redbox Entertainment Inc., formerly known as Seaport Global Acquisition Corp. (the “Company”) is a blank check company incorporated in Delaware on July 24, 2020. The Company was formed for the purpose of effectuating a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses (the “Business Combination”). The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of June 30, 2021, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity through June 30, 2021 relates to the Company’s formation and the Initial Public Offering (“IPO”) which is described below, and identifying a target company for a Business Combination. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of a Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company generates non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the IPO.

The registration statement for the Company’s Initial Public Offering was declared effective on November 27, 2020. On December 2, 2020, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 14,375,000 units (the “Units” and, with respect to the shares of Class A common stock included in the Units sold, the “Public Shares”), which included the full exercise by the underwriter of the overallotment option to purchase an additional 1,875,000 Units at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$143,750,000, which is described in Note 3.

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 6,062,500 warrants (each, a “Private Placement Warrant” and collectively, the “Private Placement Warrants”) at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant in a private placement to Seaport Global SPAC, LLC (the “Sponsor”) generating gross proceeds of \$6,062,500, which is described in Note 4. Transaction costs amounted to \$8,361,625, consisting of \$2,875,000 of underwriting fees, \$5,031,250 of deferred underwriting fees and \$455,375 of other offering costs.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on December 2, 2020, an amount of \$145,187,500 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants was placed in a trust account (the “Trust Account”) and invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act”), with a maturity of 185 days or less, or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the funds in the Trust Account to the Company’s stockholders, as described below.

The Company’s management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. The Nasdaq Capital Market rules provide that the Business Combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account (less any deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on interest earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the signing a definitive agreement to enter a Business Combination. The Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-Business Combination company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect a Business Combination.

The Company will provide its holders of the outstanding Public Shares (the “public stockholders”) with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. In connection with a proposed Business Combination, the Company may seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination at a meeting called for such purpose at which stockholders may seek to redeem their shares, regardless of whether they vote for or against a Business Combination. The Company will proceed with a Business Combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001 either immediately prior to or upon such consummation of a Business Combination and, if the Company seeks stockholder approval, a majority of the outstanding shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination.

If the Company seeks stockholder approval of a Business Combination and it does not conduct redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules, the Company’s Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that, a public stockholder, together with any affiliate of such stockholder or any other person with whom such stockholder is acting in concert or as a “group” (as defined under Section 13

## [Table of Contents](#)

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), will be restricted from seeking redemption rights with respect to 20% or more of the Public Shares without the Company’s prior written consent.

The public stockholders will be entitled to redeem their shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (initially \$10.10 per share, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its tax obligations). The per-share amount to be distributed to stockholders who redeem their shares will not be reduced by the deferred underwriting commissions the Company will pay to the underwriter (as discussed in Note 6). There will be no redemption rights upon the completion of a Business Combination with respect to the Company’s warrants.

If a stockholder vote is not required and the Company does not decide to hold a stockholder vote for business or other legal reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, offer such redemption pursuant to the tender offer rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), and file tender offer documents containing substantially the same information as would be included in a proxy statement with the SEC prior to completing a Business Combination.

The Company’s Sponsor has agreed (a) to vote its Founder Shares (as defined in Note 6), and any Public Shares purchased during or after the Initial Public Offering in favor of a Business Combination, (b) not to propose an amendment to the Company’s Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation with respect to the Company’s pre-Business Combination activities prior to the consummation of a Business Combination unless the Company provides dissenting public stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares in conjunction with any such amendment; (c) not to redeem any shares (including the Founder Shares) and Private Placement Warrants (including underlying securities) into the right to receive cash from the Trust Account in connection with a stockholder vote to approve a Business Combination (or to sell any shares in a tender offer in connection with a Business Combination if the Company does not seek stockholder approval in connection therewith) or a vote to amend the provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation relating to stockholders’ rights of pre-Business Combination activity and (d) that the Founder Shares and Private Placement Warrants (including underlying securities) shall not participate in any liquidating distributions upon winding up if a Business Combination is not consummated. However, the Sponsor will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Public Shares purchased during or after the Initial Public Offering if the Company fails to complete its Business Combination.

If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination by June 2, 2022 (the “Combination Period”), the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but no more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay taxes (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then outstanding public shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public stockholders’ rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining stockholders and the Company’s board of directors, proceed to commence a voluntary liquidation and thereby a formal dissolution of the Company, subject in each case to its obligations to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of applicable law. The underwriter has agreed to waive its rights to the deferred underwriting commission held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the funds held in the Trust Account that will be available to fund the redemption of the Public Shares. In the event of such distribution, it is possible that the per share value of the assets remaining available for distribution will be less than \$10.10 per Unit.

The Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has entered into a written letter of intent, confidentiality or similar agreement or Business Combination agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (i) \$10.10 per Public Share and (ii) the actual amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the day of liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.10 per share due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, less taxes payable, provided that such liability will not apply to any claims by a third party or prospective target business who executed a waiver of any and all rights to monies held in the Trust Account (whether or not such waiver is enforceable) nor will it apply to any claims under the Company’s indemnity of the underwriter of Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). However, the Company has not asked the Sponsor to reserve for such indemnification obligations, nor has the Company independently verified whether the Sponsor has sufficient funds to satisfy its indemnity obligations and believe that the Sponsor’s only assets are securities of the Company. Therefore, the Company cannot assure its stockholders that the Sponsor would be able to satisfy those obligations. None of the Company’s officers or directors will indemnify the Company for claims by third parties including, without limitation, claims by vendors and prospective target businesses. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that the Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers, prospective target businesses or other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

## Restatement of Condensed Financial Statements

### Restatement

As previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10K/A as filed on November 22, 2021, subsequent to the original issuance of the Company's condensed financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company identified an error in its previously issued financial statements, that a portion of the public shares were classified as permanent equity to maintain stockholders' equity greater than \$5,000,000 on the basis that the Company will consummate its initial business combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001. Thus, the Company can only complete a merger and continue to exist as a public company if there are sufficient public shares that do not redeem at the merger and so it is appropriate to classify the portion of its public shares required to keep its stockholders' equity above the \$5,000,000 threshold as "shares not subject to redemption."

However, in light of recent comment letters issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission ("SEC") to several special purpose acquisition companies, management re-evaluated the Company's application of ASC 480-10-99 to its accounting classification of public shares. Upon re-evaluation, management determined that the public shares include certain provisions that require classification of the public shares as temporary equity regardless of the minimum net tangible asset required by the Company to complete its initial business combination.

The Company's accounting classification of public shares did not have any effect on the Company's previously reported amounts for total assets, total liabilities, cash flows or net income (loss).

The impact to the balance sheet as of June 30, 2021 and the statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 is presented below:

	As Reported	Adjustment	As Restated
<b>Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2021 (per form 10-Q filed on August 16, 2021)</b>			
Common Stock subject to possible redemption (\$)	\$ 120,275,340	\$ 24,940,860	\$ 145,216,200
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value	246	(246)	—
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value	359	—	359
Additional Paid in Capital	3,821,786	(3,821,786)	—
Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	1,177,610	(21,118,828)	(19,941,218)
Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	<u>\$ 5,000,001</u>	<u>\$ (24,940,860)</u>	<u>\$ (19,940,859)</u>
Number of shares subject to redemption	<u>11,908,450</u>	<u>2,466,550</u>	<u>14,375,000</u>

### Statement of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2021 (per form 10-Q filed on August 16, 2021)

Weighted average shares outstanding, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	12,282,690	2,092,310	14,375,000
Basic and diluted net loss per share, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ —	\$ (0.21)	\$ (0.21)
Weighted average shares outstanding, non-redeemable common stock	5,686,060	(2,092,310)	3,593,750
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, non-redeemable common stock	\$ (0.67)	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.21)

### Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2021 (per form 10-Q filed on August 16, 2021)

Weighted average shares outstanding, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	12,035,069	2,339,931	14,375,000
Basic and diluted net income per share, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ —	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07
Weighted average shares outstanding, non-redeemable common stock	5,933,681	(2,339,931)	3,593,750
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, non-redeemable common stock	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.07

### Risks and Uncertainties

Management is continuing to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that COVID-19 could have a negative effect on identifying a target company for a Business Combination, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of this financial statement. The financial statement does not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

## **Business Combination Agreement**

On May 16, 2021, the Company entered into a Business Combination Agreement (the “Business Combination Agreement”) by and among the Company, Seaport Merger Sub, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Merger Sub”), Redwood Holdco, LP (“Parent”), and Redwood Intermediate, LLC (“Redbox”).

The Business Combination Agreement provides for the consummation of the following Business Combination: (a) Redbox will amend and restate its limited liability company agreement (the “Redbox A&R LLCA”) to, among other things, unitize the equity interests of Redbox to permit the issuance of common units in Redbox as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement; (b) following the effectiveness of the Redbox A&R LLCA, Merger Sub will merge with and into Redbox (the “Merger”), and Redbox will continue as the surviving company in the Merger and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company; (c) the Redbox A&R LLCA will be further amended and restated (as further amended and restated, the “Redbox LLCA”) to authorize the issuance of additional common units (“Redbox Units”), (d) the Parent will receive a combination of certain newly issued Redbox Units and shares of newly issued Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of the Company, which Class B common stock will have no economic value, but will entitle the Parent to one vote per issued share and will be issued on a one-for-one basis for each Redbox Unit retained by the Parent following the Business Combination; and (e) the Company will acquire certain newly issued Redbox Units in exchange for a cash contribution, which proceeds will be used to reduce existing indebtedness and fund Redbox’s balance sheet for general corporate purposes. The Redbox A&R LLCA will provide the Parent the right to exchange its retained Redbox Units, together with the cancellation of an equal number of shares of Class B common stock, for Class A common stock of the Company (“common stock”), subject to certain restrictions set forth therein.

Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the combined company will be organized in an “Up-C” structure, in which substantially all of the assets and business of Redbox will be controlled by the Company. The combined company’s business will continue to operate through the subsidiaries of Redbox and the Company’s sole direct asset will be the equity interests of Redbox held by it.

Concurrent with the closing of the Business Combination (the “Closing”), the Company will enter into a tax receivable agreement (the “Tax Receivable Agreement”) with the Parent. Pursuant to the Tax Receivable Agreement, the Company will be required to pay to the Parent 85% of the amount of savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that the Company actually realizes as a result of the utilization of certain tax attributes of Redbox.

In addition, in connection with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the Company will, among other things, enter into at Closing (a) an agreement with Parent, certain holders of equity interests of Parent, and certain holders of Company common stock, relating to certain customary registration rights, (b) agreements with certain holders of Company common stock and Parent relating to, among other things, certain customary lockup restrictions, and (c) a stockholders agreement with certain holders of Company common stock and Parent relating to, among other things, composition of the Company’s board of directors.

In connection with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the Company, Seaport Global SPAC, LLC (the “Supporting Shareholder”) and Redbox, entered into a support agreement (the “Sponsor Support Agreement”), providing, among other things, that the Supporting Shareholder will (i) vote in favor of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (including the Merger), (ii) waive any right to adjustment or other anti-dilution or similar protection with respect to the rate that the Class B common stock held by the Supporting Shareholder converts into Class A common stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, and (iii) be bound by certain other covenants and agreements related to the Business Combination.

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the Company and the Supporting Shareholder entered into a lock-up agreement (the “Sponsor Lock-Up Agreement”), pursuant to which the Supporting Shareholder, with respect to all Restricted Securities (as defined therein) held by the Supporting Shareholder, has agreed to, among other things, be subject to a lock-up period which will last from the Closing until the earlier of (i) the first anniversary of the Closing, (ii) the date after the Closing on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange, reorganization or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company’s shareholders having the right to exchange their Class A common stock in the Company for cash, securities or other property, and (iii) the trading day, if any, on which the last sale price of the Class A common stock of the Company equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the Closing (the “Sponsor Lock-Up Period”). During the Sponsor Lock-Up Period, the Supporting Shareholder may not transfer any Restricted Securities or engage in any short sales or other hedging or derivative transactions, subject to certain limited exceptions.

Concurrently with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the Company and Parent entered into a lock-up agreement (the “Parent Lock-Up Agreement”), pursuant to which the Parent, as a holder of Restricted Securities (as defined therein) has agreed to, among other things, be subject to a lock-up period which will last from the Closing until the earlier of (i) six (6) months after the date of the Closing, (ii) the date after the Closing on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange, reorganization or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company’s shareholders having the right to exchange their Class A common stock in the Company for cash, securities or other property, and (iii) the trading day, if any, on which the last sale price of the Class A common stock of the Company equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period after the Closing Date (the “Parent Lock-Up Period”). During the Parent Lock-Up Period, the holders of Restricted Securities may not transfer any Restricted Securities or engage in any short sales or other hedging or derivative transactions, subject to certain limited exceptions.

In connection with the execution of the Business Combination Agreement, the Company entered into subscription agreements with various investors, for an aggregate of 5,000,000 newly-issued shares of Common Stock at a price of \$10.00 per share to be issued at the Closing. The obligations to consummate the subscriptions are conditioned upon, among other things, customary closing conditions and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

In addition, the consummation of the Merger is conditioned upon, among other things, (i) the expiration or termination of all applicable waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, (ii) the absence of any governmental order, statute, rule or regulation enjoining or prohibiting the consummation of the Transactions, (iii) the completion of the redemption offer in relation to Common Stock in accordance with the terms of the Business Combination Agreement and the proxy statement and (iv) receipt of the Company stockholder approval.

Additional information regarding Redbox and the Business Combination is available in the proxy statement/prospectus initially filed with the SEC on July 8, 2021.

### **Liquidity and Going Concern**

As of June 30, 2021, the Company had \$277,344 in its operating bank accounts and working capital of \$180,022. Until the consummation of a Business Combination, the Company will be using the funds not held in the Trust Account for identifying and evaluating prospective acquisition candidates, performing due diligence on prospective target businesses, paying for travel expenditures, selecting the target business to acquire, and structuring, negotiating and consummating the Business Combination. Further, the Company has incurred and expects to continue to incur significant costs in pursuit of its acquisition plans. In the six months to June 30, 2021, the Company reported negative net change in cash of \$671,240, or an average of approximately \$112,000 per month.

The Company will need to raise additional capital through loans or additional investments from its Sponsor, stockholders, officers, directors, or third parties. In order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the initial stockholders or their affiliates may, but are not obligated to, loan us funds as may be required. If we complete a Business Combination, we would repay such loaned amounts. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the Trust Account to repay such loaned amounts but no proceeds from our Trust Account would be used for such repayment. Up to \$1,500,000 of such loans may be convertible into warrants identical to the Private Placement Warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant at the option of the lender.

Accordingly, the Company may not be able to obtain additional financing. If the Company is unable to raise additional capital, it may be required to take additional measures to conserve liquidity, which could include, but not necessarily be limited to, curtailing operations, suspending the pursuit of a potential transaction, and reducing overhead expenses. The Company cannot provide any assurance that new financing will be available to it on commercially acceptable terms, if at all. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern through one year and one day from the date of issuance of these financial statements. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### **Note 2 — Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP. In the opinion of management, the

unaudited condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair statement of the balances and results for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2020 as filed with the SEC on May 24, 2021, which contains the audited financial statements and notes thereto. The interim results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021 or for any future interim periods.

### **Emerging Growth Company Status**

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statement, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

### **Cash and Securities held in Trust Account**

At December 31, 2020, and June 30, 2021, the assets held in the Trust Account were held in U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity of 185 days or less.

The Company classifies its United States Treasury securities as held-to-maturity in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 320 "Investments - Debt and Equity Securities." Held-to-maturity securities are those securities which the Company has the ability and intent to hold until maturity. Held-to-maturity treasury securities are recorded at amortized cost and adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts.

A decline in the market value of held-to-maturity securities below cost that is deemed to be other than temporary, results in an impairment that reduces the carrying costs to such securities' fair value. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new cost basis for the security is established. To determine whether an impairment is other than temporary, the Company considers whether it has the ability and intent to hold the investment until a market price recovery and considers whether evidence indicating the cost of the investment is recoverable outweighs evidence to the contrary. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for the impairment, the severity and

the duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to year-end, forecasted performance of the investee, and the general market condition in the geographic area or industry the investee operates in.

Premiums and discounts are amortized or accreted over the life of the related held-to-maturity security as an adjustment to yield using the effective-interest method. Such amortization and accretion are included in the “interest income” line item in the statements of operations. Interest income is recognized when earned.

### **Warrant Liabilities**

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant’s specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (“ASC 480”) and ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging (“ASC 815”). The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company’s own common shares and whether the warrant holders could potentially require “net cash settlement” in a circumstance outside of the Company’s control, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations.

### **Class A Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption**

The Company accounts for its common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 480 “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity.” Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company’s control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders’ equity. The Company’s common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company’s control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders’ equity section of the Company’s unaudited condensed balance sheet.

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The fair value of the Company’s assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, “Fair Value Measurement,” approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheet, primarily due to their short-term nature.

### **Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes under ASC 740 Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). ASC 740 requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for both the expected impact of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax loss and tax credit carry forwards. ASC 740 additionally requires a valuation allowance to be established when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized.

ASC 740 also clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise’s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim period, disclosure and transition. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of June 30, 2021 or December 31, 2020. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position.

The Company has identified the United States as its only “major” tax jurisdiction. The Company may be subject to potential examination by federal and state taxing authorities in the areas of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions and compliance with federal and state tax laws. The Company’s management does not expect that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will materially change over the next twelve months.

### Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company applies the two-class method in calculating earnings per share. Shares of common stock subject to possible redemption at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, which are not currently redeemable and are not redeemable at fair value, have been excluded from the calculation of basic net income per common share since such shares, if redeemed, only participate in their pro rata share of the Trust Account earnings. The Company has not considered the effect of warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering and the private placement to purchase an aggregate 16,843,750 shares of common stock in the calculation of diluted loss per share, since the exercise of the warrants into shares of common stock is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As a result, diluted net income (loss) per common share is the same as basic net income (loss) per common share for the period presented.

Below is a reconciliation of net income (loss) per common share:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021
<b>Net Income (Loss) per share of Class A Common Stock</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,821,824)	\$ 1,306,886
Less: Allocation of loss to Class B common stock	(764,365)	(261,367)
Adjusted net income (loss)	<u>\$ (3,057,459)</u>	<u>\$ 1,045,519</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class A common stock	14,375,000	14,375,000
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, Class A common stock	<u>\$ (0.21)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>
<b>Net Income (Loss) per share for Class B common stock</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,821,824)	\$ 1,306,886
Less: Allocation of loss to Class A common stock	(3,057,459)	(1,045,519)
Adjusted net income (loss)	<u>\$ (764,365)</u>	<u>\$ 261,367</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class B common stock	3,593,750	3,593,750
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, Class B common stock	<u>\$ (0.21)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>

### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash accounts in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the federal depository insurance coverage of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced losses on these accounts and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such accounts.

### Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Debt-Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging-Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity’s Own Equity (“ASU 2020-06”), which simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current GAAP. The ASU also removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity-linked contracts to qualify for scope exception, and it simplifies the diluted earnings per share calculation in certain areas. The Company adopted ASU 2020-06 on January 1, 2021. Adoption of the ASU did not impact the Company’s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.



### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

### **Note 3 — Public Offering**

On December 2, 2020, the Company sold 14,375,000 Units, at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit, for aggregate proceeds of \$143,750,000. Each Unit consists of one share of Class A common stock, and three-quarters of one redeemable warrant to purchase one share of Class A common stock (the "Public Warrants"). Each whole warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per stock, subject to adjustment (see Note 8).

### **Note 4 — Private Placement**

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Sponsor purchased an aggregate of 6,062,500 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, or \$6,062,500 in the aggregate. Each Private Placement Warrant is exercisable to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share. The proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants were added to the net proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants will be used to fund the redemption of the Public Shares (subject to the requirements of applicable law) and the Private Placement Warrants will expire worthless.

### **Note 5 — Related Party Transactions**

#### **Founder Shares**

In July 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 3,593,750 shares (the "Founder Shares") to the Sponsor for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 in cash. The initial stockholders have agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of their Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of a Business Combination or (B) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or similar transaction that results in the Company's stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the last sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the Business Combination, the Founder Shares will be released from the lock-up.

#### **Related Party Loans**

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Company's Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required (the "Working Capital Loans"). Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by promissory notes. The notes would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest, or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of notes may be converted upon consummation of a Business Combination into warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants will be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, no Working Capital Loans were outstanding.

#### **Administrative Service Fee**

The Company entered into an agreement, commencing on November 30, 2020 through the earlier of the Company's consummation of a Business Combination and its liquidation, to pay the Sponsor a total of \$10,000 per month for office space, utilities and secretarial and administrative support.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company has paid \$30,000 and \$60,000, respectively, as directed by the Sponsor, to a consultant engaged to provide administrative support services.

## **Note 6 — Commitments and Contingencies**

### **Registration Rights**

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into on November 27, 2020, the holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and any warrants that may be issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans (and any shares of Class A common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans and upon conversion of the Founder Shares) will be entitled to registration rights, requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to our Class A common stock). The holders of the majority of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain “piggy-back” registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

### **Underwriting Agreement**

The underwriter is entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$5,031,250 in the aggregate. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

## **Note 7 — Stockholders’ Equity**

**Preferred Stock** — The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value preferred stock with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Company’s board of directors. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

**Class A Common Stock** — The Company is authorized to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of Class A, \$0.0001 par value common stock. Holders of the Company’s Class A common stock are entitled to one vote for each share. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were no shares issued and outstanding, excluding 14,375,000 shares subject to possible redemption, respectively.

**Class B Common Stock** — The Company is authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of Class B, \$0.0001 par value common stock. Holders of the Company’s Class B common stock are entitled to one vote for each share. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were 3,593,750 shares issued and outstanding.

The shares of Class B common stock will automatically convert into shares of Class A common stock at the time of the Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like. In the case that additional shares of Class A common stock, or equity linked securities, are issued or deemed issued in excess of the amounts offered in the Initial Public Offering and related to the closing of a Business Combination, the ratio at which shares of Class B common stock shall convert into shares of Class A common stock will be adjusted (unless the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Class B common stock agree to waive such adjustment with respect to any such issuance or deemed issuance) so that the number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of all shares of Class B common stock will equal, in the aggregate, on an as converted basis, 20% of the sum of the total number of all shares of common stock outstanding upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering plus all shares of Class A common stock and equity linked securities issued or deemed issued in connection with a Business Combination (excluding any shares or equity linked securities issued, or to be issued, to any seller in a Business Combination, and any private placement-equivalent warrants issued to the Sponsor or its affiliates upon conversion of loans made to the Company). The Company may issue additional common stock or preferred stock to complete its Business Combination or under an employee incentive plan after completion of its Business Combination.

## **Note 8 - Warrant Liabilities**

### **Public Warrants**

Each whole warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per stock, subject to adjustment. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) 30 days after the consummation of a Business Combination or (b) 12 months from the effective date of the registration statement relating to the Initial Public Offering. No Public Warrants will be exercisable for cash unless the Company has an effective and current registration statement covering the common shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants and a current prospectus relating to such common shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a registration statement covering the Class A common shares issuable upon the exercise of the Public Warrants is not effective within 60 days from

the consummation of a Business Combination, the holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company shall have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise the Public Warrants on a cashless basis pursuant to an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act. If an exemption from registration is not available, holders will not be able to exercise their Public Warrants on a cashless basis. The Public Warrants will expire five years from the consummation of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Company may call the warrants for redemption (except the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the last sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.

The exercise price and number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a share dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, except as described below, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuance of common stock at a price below its exercise price. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the Public Warrants. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless. If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement.

In addition, if (x) the Company issues additional shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of its initial Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of Class A common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors and, in the case of any such issuance to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance) (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the Company's initial Business Combination on the date of the consummation of such initial Business Combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates its initial Business Combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described above will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price.

#### **Private Placement Warrants**

The Private Placement Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants and the Class A common shares issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of a Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Placement Warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis and will be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Placement Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Placement Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

**Note 9 - Fair Value Measurements**

The fair value of the Company’s financial assets and liabilities reflects management’s estimate of amounts that the Company would have received in connection with the sale of the assets or paid in connection with the transfer of the liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In connection with measuring the fair value of its assets and liabilities, the Company seeks to maximize the use of observable inputs (market data obtained from independent sources) and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs (internal assumptions about how market participants would price assets and liabilities). The following fair value hierarchy is used to classify assets and liabilities based on the observable inputs and unobservable inputs used in order to value the assets and liabilities:

Level 1 — Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not being applied. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 — Valuations based on (i) quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities, (ii) quoted prices in markets that are not active for identical or similar assets, (iii) inputs other than quoted prices for the assets or liabilities, or (iv) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by market through correlation or other means.

Level 3 — Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The following tables present information about the Company’s assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2021 and at December 31, 2021, and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

	June 30, 2021	Quoted Prices In Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets:</b>				
U.S. Money Market held in Trust Account	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
U.S Treasury Securities held in Trust Account	145,216,200	145,216,200	—	—
	<u>\$ 145,216,200</u>	<u>\$ 145,216,200</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Public Warrants Liability	\$ 9,271,875	\$ 9,271,875	\$ —	\$ —
Private Warrants Liability	5,850,267	—	—	5,850,267
	<u>\$ 15,122,142</u>	<u>\$ 9,271,875</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 5,850,267</u>
	December 31, 2020	Quoted Prices In Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets:</b>				
U.S. Money Market held in Trust Account	\$ 281	\$ 281	\$ —	\$ —
U.S Treasury Securities held in Trust Account	145,193,921	145,193,921	—	—
	<u>\$ 145,194,202</u>	<u>\$ 145,194,202</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Public Warrants Liability	\$ 10,975,313	\$ 10,975,313	\$ —	\$ —
Private Warrants Liability	6,347,438	—	—	6,347,438
	<u>\$ 17,322,751</u>	<u>\$ 10,975,313</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 6,347,438</u>

The Warrants are accounted for as liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40 and are presented within warrant liabilities on the Condensed Balance Sheet. The warrant liabilities are measured at fair value at inception and on a recurring basis, with changes in fair value presented within change in fair value of warrant liabilities in the Condensed Statement of Operations.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company established the initial fair value of the Public Warrants and Private Warrants on December 2, 2020, the date of the Company's Initial Public Offering, and for the Private Warrants as of December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2021, using a Monte Carlo simulation model. For subsequent measurement of the Public Warrants as of December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2021, the Company used observable market quotes for the warrants.

The subsequent measurement of the Public Warrants as of December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2021 is classified as Level 1 due to the use of an observable market quotes in an active market. The Private Warrants were classified as Level 3 at the initial measurement date and subsequent measurement dates due to the use of unobservable inputs.

The key inputs into the Monte Carlo simulation used for the Private Warrants as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were as follows:

<u>Inputs</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>
Risk-free interest rate	0.95 %	0.5 %
Expected term remaining (years)	5.47	5.96
Expected volatility	14.8 %	16.2 %
Stock price	\$ 9.96	\$ 10.02

**Note 10 — Subsequent Events**

On July 8, 2021, the Company filed a preliminary proxy statement/prospectus with the SEC related to the Business Combination Agreement.

On October 22, 2021, the Company completed the Business Combination and changed its name to Redbox Entertainment Inc. In conjunction with the Business Combination, the holders of 12,346,223 shares of SGAC's Class A common stock sold in the Initial Public Offering exercised their right to redeem those shares for cash at a price of approximately \$10.10 per share, for an aggregate of approximately \$124.7 million, which redemption occurred concurrent with the consummation of the Business Combination. The Company also completed the sale of 5,000,000 shares of Class A common stock for \$50.0 million in the PIPE Investment described in Note 1.

On October 20, 2021, SGAC held a special meeting of stockholders (the "Special Meeting"), at which the SGAC stockholders considered and adopted, among other matters, a proposal to approve the Business Combination, including (a) adopting the Business Combination Agreement and (b) approving the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement and related agreements described in the Proxy Statement.

Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement, on October 22, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), the Business Combination was consummated (the "Closing").

In accordance with ASC Topic 855 Subsequent Events, no other events require adjustment or disclosure.

## **Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

References to the “Company,” “our,” “us” or “we” refer to Seaport Global Acquisition Corp. The following discussion and analysis of the Company’s financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

*This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “may,” “should,” “could,” “would,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “continue,” or the negative of such terms or other similar expressions. Such statements include, but are not limited to, possible business combinations and the financing thereof, and related matters, as well as all other statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q/A. Factors that might cause or contribute to such a discrepancy include, but are not limited to, those described in our other Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) filings.*

### **Overview**

We are a blank check company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware on July 24, 2020, for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses. We intend to effectuate our Business Combination using cash from the proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, our capital stock, debt or a combination of cash, stock and debt.

We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to raise capital or to complete our initial Business Combination will be successful.

### **Results of Operations**

We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any operating revenues to date. Our only activities from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 were organizational activities in connection with searching for a Business Combination. We do not expect to generate any operating revenues until after the completion of our initial Business Combination. We expect to generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on marketable securities held after the Initial Public Offering. We expect that we will incur increased expenses as a result of being a public company (for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for due diligence expenses in connection with searching for, and completing, a Business Combination.

For the period from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021, we had a positive net income of \$1.3 million, which included a loss from operations of \$0.9 million, and a gain from the change in fair value of warrant liabilities of \$2.2 million. Our business activities from inception to June 30, 2021 consisted primarily of our formation and completing our IPO and, since the completion of our IPO, our activity has been limited to identifying and evaluating prospective acquisition targets for a Business Combination.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of June 30, 2021, we had \$277,344 in cash. Following the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, our primary source of liquidity is the proceeds from our Initial Public Offering not held in the Trust Account.

On December 2, 2020, we consummated the Initial Public Offering of 14,375,000 Units, at a price of \$10.10 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$143,750,000. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, we consummated the sale of 6,062,500 Private Placement Warrants to the Sponsor at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant generating gross proceeds of \$6,062,500.

Following the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, a total of \$145,187,504 (\$10.10 per unit) was placed in the Trust Account, and we had \$1,219,936 of cash held outside of the Trust Account, after payment of costs related to the Initial Public Offering, and available for working capital purposes. As of December 2, 2020, we had an accounts payable liability of \$228,254, primarily related to offering expenses.

## [Table of Contents](#)

Transaction costs amounted to \$8,361,625, consisting of \$2,875,000 of underwriting fees, \$5,031,250 of deferred underwriting fees and \$455,375 of other offering costs. In addition, cash of \$1,219,936 was held outside of the Trust Account and is available for the payment of offering costs and for working capital purposes. During the period ended June 30, 2021, we reduced our cash balance held out of trust by approximately \$671,000 primarily related to working capital, compliance and legal and due diligence expense related to the Business Combination.

We intend to use substantially all of the funds held in the Trust Account, including any amounts representing interest earned on the Trust Account, which interest shall be net of taxes payable and excluding deferred underwriting commissions, to complete our Business Combination. We may withdraw interest from the Trust Account to pay taxes, if any. To the extent that our share capital or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete a Business Combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the target business or businesses, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

We intend to use the funds held outside the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representatives or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, structure, negotiate and complete a Business Combination.

In order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, our Sponsor or an affiliate of our Sponsor or certain of our officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan us funds as may be required. If we complete a Business Combination, we may repay such loaned amounts out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to us. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the Trust Account to repay such loaned amounts, but no proceeds from our Trust Account would be used for such repayment. Up to \$1,500,000 of such loans may be convertible into warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, at the option of the lender. The warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. We do not believe we will need to raise additional funds in order to meet the expenditures required for operating our business.

However, if our estimate of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating a Business Combination are less than the actual amount necessary to do so, we may have insufficient funds available to operate our business prior to our initial Business Combination. Moreover, we may need to obtain additional financing either to complete our Business Combination or because we become obligated to redeem a significant number of our public shares upon completion of our Business Combination, in which case we may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such Business Combination.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Financing Arrangements**

We had no obligations, assets or liabilities, which would be considered off-balance sheet arrangements, as of June 30, 2021. We do not participate in transactions that create relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, often referred to as variable interest entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. We have not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements, established any special purpose entities, guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities, or purchased any non-financial assets.

### **Contractual Obligations**

We do not have any long-term debt, capital lease obligations, operating lease obligations or long-term liabilities, other than described below.

The underwriters are entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$5,031,250 in the aggregate.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of condensed financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. As stated, we have identified critical accounting policies specified below.

## **Warrant Liabilities**

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity ("ASC 480") and ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company's own common shares and whether the warrant holders could potentially require "net cash settlement" in a circumstance outside of the Company's control, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations.

## **Class A Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption**

The Company accounts for its common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's unaudited condensed balance sheet.

## **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheet, primarily due to their short-term nature.

## **Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share**

Net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company applies the two-class method in calculating earnings per share. Shares of common stock subject to possible redemption at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, which are not currently redeemable and are not redeemable at fair value, have been excluded from the calculation of basic net income per common share since such shares, if redeemed, only participate in their pro rata share of the Trust Account earnings. The Company has not considered the effect of warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering and the private placement to purchase an aggregate 16,843,750 shares of common stock in the calculation of diluted loss per share, since the exercise of the warrants into shares of common stock is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As a result, diluted net income (loss) per common share is the same as basic net income (loss) per common share for the period presented.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-06, Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) ("ASU 2020-06") to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective January 1, 2022 and should be applied on a full or modified retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted beginning on January 1, 2021. The Company is currently assessing the impact, if any, that ASU 2020-06 would have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.



Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information otherwise required under this item.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2021, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A, disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2021, due to the material weakness in our internal control over financial report described in our recently filed Form 10K/A.

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In light of this material weakness, management performed additional analysis as deemed necessary to ensure that our condensed financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, management believes that the condensed financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A present fairly in all material respects our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the period presented.

#### *Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter through June 30, 2021, covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management has implemented remediation steps to address the material weakness and to improve our internal control over financial reporting. Our plans at this time include providing enhanced access to accounting literature, research materials and documents, assigning preparation and review responsibilities to additional personnel for the financial reporting process, and increased communication among our personnel and third-party professionals with whom we consult regarding the application of complex accounting standards. The elements of our remediation plan can only be accomplished over time, and we can offer no assurance that these initiatives will ultimately have the intended effects.

## **PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

Except as set forth below, as of the date of this Quarterly Report, there have been no material changes with respect to those risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed on April 2, 2021, as amended on May 26, 2021 (First Amendment) and on November 22, 2021 (Second Amendment) and our Proxy Statement filed on September 29, 2021. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations.

**SGAC has identified a material weakness in its internal control over financial reporting. This material weakness could continue to adversely affect SGAC's ability to report its results of operations and financial condition accurately and in a timely manner.**

As described in Note 1, and as previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10K/A filed on November 22, 2021, subsequent to the original issuance of the Company's condensed financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company identified an error in its previously issued financial statements, that a portion of the public shares were classified as permanent equity to maintain stockholders' equity greater than \$5,000,000 on the basis that the Company will consummate its initial business combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001. Thus, the Company can only complete a merger and continue to exist as a public company if there are sufficient public shares that do not redeem at the merger and so it is appropriate to classify the portion of its public shares required to keep its stockholders' equity above the \$5,000,000 threshold as "shares not subject to redemption."

However, in light of recent comment letters issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission ("SEC") to several special purpose acquisition companies, management re-evaluated the Company's application of ASC 480-10-99 to its accounting classification of public shares. Upon re-evaluation, management determined that the public shares include certain provisions that require classification of the public shares as temporary equity regardless of the minimum net tangible asset required by the Company to complete its initial business combination.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and prevent fraud. We continue to evaluate steps to remediate the material weakness. These remediation measures may be time consuming and costly and there is no assurance that these initiatives will ultimately have the intended effects. If we are unable to develop and maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results in a timely manner, which may adversely affect investor confidence in us and materially and adversely affect our business and operating results.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities**

For a description of the use of the proceeds generated in our IPO, see Part I, Item 2 of this Form 10-Q. There has been no material change in the planned use of the proceeds from our IPO and private placement as is described in the Company's final prospectus related to the IPO.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1	<a href="#">Business Combination Agreement, dated as of May 16, 2021, by and among Seaport Global Acquisition Corp., Seaport Merger Sub, LLC, Redwood Holdco, LP, and Redwood Intermediate, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on May 17, 2021.</a>
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on December 3, 2020.</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the SEC on October 13, 2020.</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Warrant Agreement, dated November 27, 2020, by and between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer &amp; Trust Company, as warrant agent, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on December 3, 2020.</a>
10.1	<a href="#">Sponsor Support Agreement, dated May 16, 2021, by and among Seaport Global Acquisition Corp., Seaport Global SPAC, LLC, and Redwood Intermediate, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on May 17, 2021.</a>
10.2	<a href="#">Sponsor Lock-up Agreement, dated May 16, 2021, by and among Seaport Global Acquisition Corp. and Seaport Global SPAC, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on May 17, 2021.</a>
10.3	<a href="#">Parent Lock-up Agreement, dated May 16, 2021, by and among Seaport Global Acquisition Corp. and Redwood Holdco, LP, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on May 17, 2021.</a>
10.4	<a href="#">Form of Subscription Agreement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on May 17, 2021.</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
32.1**	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
32.2**	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
Exhibit 104	Cover Page Interactive Data File - The cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Furnished.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**REDBOX ENTERTAINMENT INC.**

Date: November 22, 2021

By: /s/ Galen C. Smith

Name: Galen C. Smith

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 22, 2021

By: /s/ Kavita Suthar

Name: Kavita Suthar

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION**  
**PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)**  
**UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO**  
**SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Galen C. Smith, certify that:

1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Redbox Entertainment Inc.;

2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5.The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 22, 2021

By: /s/ Galen C. Smith

\_\_\_\_\_  
Galen C. Smith  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

---

**CERTIFICATION**  
**PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)**  
**UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO**  
**SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Kavita Suthar, certify that:

1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Redbox Entertainment Inc.;

2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5.The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 22, 2021

By: /s/ Kavita Suthar

\_\_\_\_\_  
Kavita Suthar  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

---

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Redbox Entertainment Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q/A for the period from April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Galen C. Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 22, 2021

/s/ Galen C. Smith

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Galen C. Smith

Title: Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

---

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Redbox Entertainment Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q/A for the period from April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Kavita Suthar, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 22, 2021

/s/ Kavita Suthar

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kavita Suthar

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

---